Annex II

DECISION 2004/2 AMENDING THE GUIDELINES TO FACILITATE THE IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDOUS ACTIVITIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE CONVENTION

The Conference of the Parties,

Recalling its decision 2000/3 on Guidelines to facilitate the identification of hazardous activities for the purposes of the Convention, taken at its first meeting on 22-24 November 2000 (ECE/CP.TEIA/2, annex IV), in accordance with article 18, paragraph 6, of the Convention,

<u>Acknowledging</u> the review of the location criterion related to the water path contained in the Guidelines carried out by the joint ad hoc expert group on water and industrial accidents,

- 1. <u>Amends</u> paragraph 5 of the Guidelines to facilitate the identification of hazardous activities for the purposes of the Convention as set out below;
- 2. <u>Invites</u> the Convention's secretariat to issue the Guidelines as a publication, together with the texts of this decision and decisions 2000/3 and 2002/1.

AMENDMENT TO PARAGRAPH 5 OF THE GUIDELINES TO FACILITATE THE IDENTIFICATION OF HAZARDOUS ACTIVITIES FOR THE PURPOSES OF THE CONVENTION (ECE/CP.TEIA/2, annex IV, appendix)

Location criteria

- 5. The following two location criteria shall apply for the purpose of identifying hazardous activities capable of causing transboundary effects under the Convention:
- (a) Within 15 kilometres from the border, for activities involving substances that may cause a fire or explosion or involving toxic substances that may be released into the air in the event of an accident;
- (b) Along or within catchment areas <u>2</u>/ of transboundary and border rivers, transboundary or international lakes, or within the catchment areas of transboundary groundwaters, for activities involving substances that fall under category 3, 4, 5 or 8 of part I of annex I to the Convention and that may be released into watercourses in the event of an accident. Whether or not such an activity is capable of causing a transboundary effect in such an event should be decided by the competent authority of the Party of origin, preferably in consultation

with joint bodies. <u>3</u>/ The decision should depend, among other things, on the existence of river warning and alarm systems and the distance <u>4</u>/ between the location of the hazardous activity and the border.

<u>Notes</u>

- $\underline{2}$ / A catchment area of a transboundary river or lake is defined as the whole drainage area of this river or lake with a common outlet.
- <u>3</u>/ Joint body means any bilateral or multilateral commission or other appropriate institutional arrangements for cooperation between Riparian Parties.
- 4/ The joint ad hoc expert group on water and industrial accidents recommended that this distance should correspond to approximately a flowing period of two days of average flow velocity.